Discipline



District Personnel Instruction No. 16-18

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Related DPM Chapters

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16



NOTE: This instruction supersedes E-DPM Instruction No.16-13, same subject, dated February 23, 2016. The purpose of this instruction is to add a standalone copy of the table of illustrative actions and new sample final decision templates for reprimands and suspensions.

Overview

The District of Columbia takes a positive approach toward employee management to achieve organizational effectiveness by using a progressive system to address performance and conduct issues. Managers must reliably establish and communicate reasonable performance and conduct standards that serve the public trust. Each employee has a responsibility to perform his or her duties to the best of his or her ability and to those standards established by management. When an employee fails or refuses to meet applicable standards, management has an obligation to take appropriate action, to ensure governmental integrity.

This instruction outlines general procedures for progressively addressing employees who fall short of performance and conduct standards.

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Reasonable, Fair, and Consistent

As with any organization, the District government operates with required standards of behavior, conduct and performance. While many standards are written, such as the D.C. personnel regulations and agency-level policies, there are general standards of behavior that are implied in any employer/employee relationship.

It is important that the disciplinary process is viewed as a means by which employees are helped and encouraged to achieve and maintain the required standards of conduct and behavior. Chapter 16 of the D.C. personnel regulations, Corrective and Adverse Actions; Enforced Leave; and Grievances, and this instruction help ensure – for the benefit of both the District government as an employer and its employees – that any shortfalls in an employee's conduct are dealt with effectively and in a reasonable, fair, and consistent manner.

In summary, "reasonable" and "fair" mean:

- Managers should raise and deal with issues promptly and should not unreasonably delay meetings, decisions, or confirmation of those decisions;
- Managers should act consistently;
- Managers should carry out any necessary investigations to establish the facts of the case before any decisions are made;
- Managers should inform employees of the basis of the problem and give them an opportunity to offer an explanation and to put the employee's version of the facts forward before any decisions are made;
- Managers should allow employees to be accompanied at any formal disciplinary meeting by a union representative or other representative of their choice; and
- Managers should allow an employee to appeal any formal disciplinary decision made under the proper disciplinary procedures.

Employee and Employer Responsibilities

Supervisor and Managers

The District government, as the employer, must ensure that employees are aware of applicable standards of conduct and behavior and provide those employees with a reasonable opportunity to fulfill and understand the consequences of not meeting those requirements. These obligations are typically met through documents issued by the personnel authority (typically the D.C. Department of Human Resources (DCHR)), the employing agency, and applicable labor agreements, which advise employees about District and agency rules, procedures and standards, and through managers advising and reminding employees of these rules, procedures and standards.

In particular, managers should:

- Ensure that employees are aware of any rules, procedures and standards applicable to their role and function, and understand what is required of them;
- When necessary, provide guidance and training to employees to enable them to meet these standards; and
- Ensure that employees are aware of the consequences of not complying with these rules, procedures and standards.

Employees

There are general standards of conduct which are implicit in any employment contract and, therefore, form contractual expectations which the District government can expect of its employees. In particular, employees are expected to:

- Act in a manner congruent with the interests and standards of the District of Columbia government, both at work and outside of work;
- Devote their full attention while at work to the duties of their position;
- Act with responsibility, judgment and good faith when exercising the duties of their position;
- Carry out any reasonable instruction given by a District officer, manager or supervisor relating to those duties; and
- Never, under any circumstances, divulge to any unauthorized person, or make personal use of, confidential information connected with the District of Columbia, its employees, residents, businesses or visitors.

In addition to the above implied rules, all employees are expected to comply with published District policies, procedures and standards, including, but not limited to, the D.C. Municipal

Regulations, District Personnel Manual, the Ethical Code of Conduct, Mayor's Orders, and policies published by the employing agency.

Gathering the Facts

Before a supervisor can take any action, he or she must obtain all the relevant facts. A "fact" is an actual event or circumstance.

Evidence

For each fact supporting an allegation of misconduct, the supervisor must have corresponding evidence proving that fact. Sources of fact include:

- Documents (both physical and electronic);
- Tangible objects; or
- Witness statements.
- Witness Statements: Whenever your "facts" are proven by the statements of others, it is strongly advisable to secure a witness statement. This could be in the form a written witness statement, an e-mail, or affidavit.

Employees have multiple avenues of appeal, particularly in actions involving lengthy suspensions or removal. Often, witnesses become unavailable at later stages of litigation, and written statements are indispensable.

Employment History

In addition to evidence that may support a specific allegation of misconduct, supervisors must also gather evidence that supports the appropriate corrective response. This evidence includes, but is not limited to:

- Employment and work history (i.e., official personnel folder, performance evaluations);
- Agency personnel file (including notifications of policies and procedures);
- Position description;
- Disciplinary record; and/or
- Past discipline imposed by the agency for similar conduct.

Progressive Discipline

Once all the facts are known, the employee's supervisor is in a position to ascertain the most appropriate corrective response. For minor concerns, an informal and collaborative approach may be the best response (see the next section, *Informal Resolution*.)

When an employee's conduct fails to meet expectations and informal resolution is not appropriate, management must turn to the progressive disciplinary system, which includes the following steps:

- 1. Verbal counseling;
- 2. Reprimand;
- 3. Corrective action; and
- 4. Adverse action.



While the District employs a progressive disciplinary process, strict adherence to the progressive steps will not always be appropriate. The resulting agency action will be dictated by applying the factors outlined at § 1606.2 of the regulations, which may produce an action that skips one or more of the progressive discipline steps.

For example, if an employee gets into a physical fight with a customer and, without justification, seriously injuries the customer, corrective or adverse action might be the appropriate first response, even if the employee has no disciplinary history.

Using the Proposing Official's Rationale Worksheet

In order to choose the appropriate action, agencies must apply the factors outlined in § 1606.2. These factors include, but are not limited to, an employee's work history, the impact of the behavior on the agency, and the potential of the employee to be rehabilitated. Consideration of these factors should be made by utilizing the Proposing Official's Rational Worksheet (*Attachment 5*). The worksheet asks a series of questions related to the factors that includes an analysis of the facts gathered during the initial investigation and should help the agency decide what type of action should be taken based on the egregiousness of the behavior in juxtaposition to the factors. Upon completion of the worksheet, the agency should prepare the notice of proposed action.

Informal Resolution

Many potential disciplinary issues can be resolved by the manager or supervisor intervening at an early stage as part of their normal day-to-day responsibilities. In many instances, good management should prevent recourse to formal procedures. The probation process is particularly important for communicating standards of conduct and performance.

In cases of minor breaches of discipline (e.g. lateness for work, careless mistakes, lack of attention to detail/instructions/procedures), the immediate supervisor should discuss these concerns with the employee to ensure that the employee is:

- Aware of the concerns;
- Knows what is required to meet expected standards of conduct;
- Made aware of the timescale over which an improvement is required; and
- Made aware of the consequences of not achieving the required standard.

This is not a stage in the formal progressive disciplinary process. It is part of the standard day-to-day relationship between managers and the people they manage. However, in certain circumstances, it will be necessary for the discussion and outcome to be confirmed in writing as it may become necessary to pursue the issue through the formal process if there is a reoccurrence or a failure to improve to the required standard.

Preparation

Before speaking to the employee, the manager should consider the following points:

- What are the facts, what is the evidence?
- What are the standards expected? Are these standards clear?
- Are there any factors you are aware of which may be relevant (e.g., health, domestic difficulties, lack of training or supervision)?
- How can the issue be corrected, what should be done differently in the future?
- Remember that the objective is to improve conduct to the required standard.

Outcome

Ideally, the manager should aim to reach an agreement with the employee on the following points. However, where it is not possible to reach a consensus, the manager should make clear:

- The standards expected;
- Where the employee is currently falling short of these standards (i.e., the gap between current conduct and the standards required);
- The action required to close that gap what the employee is going to do, what you are going to do, the timescale for improvement (e.g., what support, training or other advice and guidance will be provided, who is responsible for organizing and providing it and what are the timescales for these interventions);
- Follow up and review;

- Summarize what you have agreed to avoid a misunderstanding; and
- Make a record if necessary this will be helpful if the employee's conduct does not improve to the standard required.

Next steps

After speaking to the employee, the manager should:

- Continue to monitor the employee's conduct over the agreed upon timescale and provide regular reviews and give feedback;
- Make sure he or she delivers on the agreed-upon action (e.g., training, additional support);
- If the employee's conduct does improve to the standard required, then make a point
 of telling the employee and encourage the employee to continue to improve his or
 her conduct;
- If the employee's conduct does not improve to the standard required i.e., if there is no improvement, or what improvement there has been still falls short of the standard required then it will be necessary to speak to the employee again; and
- Take advice from DCHR's employee relations team as to whether it is necessary to move forward to the formal disciplinary procedure.

Verbal Counseling

As noted previously, management should initially attempt to correct minor lapses in conduct and performance through informal means. However, when such corrective steps are not successful, or for more serious conduct concerns, the first step in the formal disciplinary process is verbal counseling.



Performance Issues. Performance concerns are addressed through Chapter 14 of the District Personnel Manual. This instruction focuses primarily on misconduct issues.

Preparation

When counseling the employee is deemed appropriate to the circumstances, the manager should first:

- Gather and assess the relevant facts;
- Schedule an uninterrupted period of time with the employee and his or her union representative (if any); and

• Review and be aware of the relevant facts, conduct standards, and plan for improving the employee's behavior.

Counseling Session

At the counseling session, the manager must:

- 1. Articulate the relevant conduct standard(s);
- 2. Explain how the employee has failed to meet those standards;
- 3. Explain management's conduct expectations; and
- 4. Explain the potential consequences if those expectations are not met prospectively.

Follow-up

Within 5 days after the counseling session, the manager must memorialize the conversation in writing. This may be done through a letter or e-mail. The correspondence shall establish the date, time, and content of all verbal counseling. Managers shall retain a copy of the correspondence for a period of no less than two years, but it shall not be made a part of employee's Official Personnel Folder (OPF). (See Attachment 1, Sample Verbal Counseling Follow-up.)

VERBAL COUNSELING AT A GLANCE

- ✓ Fully investigate the facts of the situation
- ✓ Schedule an uninterrupted time with the employee and his/her representative
- ✓ Discuss what happened, the standards, expectations, and potential consequences
- ✓ Within 5 days follow-up and restate the verbal counseling in writing
- ✓ Maintain a copy of the written correspondence for two years (not in OPF)

Formal Actions

Formal disciplinary actions include corrective and adverse actions. A corrective action is a reprimand, reassignment, or suspension of less than 10 workdays. An adverse action is a reduction in grade, suspension of 10 or more workdays, or removal.

Proposing Official

Formal actions are initiated by a "proposing official." A proposing official can be any management official superior to the employee. A proposing official can also be any management official designated by DCHR (if an agency needs a proposing official to be designated by DCHR, the agency should contact DCHR's employee relations team).

Deciding Official

Formal actions are completed by a "deciding official," who reviews the proposed action, a response from the employee and any recommendations from an administrative review officer, and then issues a final decision. The deciding official is the agency head or a management official designated by the agency head, who did not already serve as the proposing official.



Proposing and Deciding Officials in small agencies. In most cases, the proposing and deciding official cannot be the same person. However, in some agencies, with small staffs, the overlap may be unavoidable and is technically permitted. However, in those cases, it is advisable to include another entity in the final decision (such as a Deputy Mayor, the City Administrator or the Director of DCHR.)

Reprimands

A reprimand is a corrective action in the form of a written document issued by an employee's supervisor that identifies a specific conduct fault by an employee. A reprimand should be considered when counseling has failed, or when verbal counseling is an inadequate disciplinary response to address the conduct.

The Written Reprimand

The proposing official should gather all the supporting evidence and draft the reprimand against the employee. The reprimand should include:

- 1. A short narrative concerning the factual circumstances warranting the reprimand;
- 2. A description of the conduct standards at issue and how these standards were not met;
- 3. A brief narrative on how the employee should conduct himself or herself prospectively to alleviate the conduct fault;
- 4. The potential consequences if the conduct requirements are not met;
- 5. A notice informing the employee that he or she may submit a written response to the reprimand; and
- 6. Notification to the employee of his or her right to grieve the final decision pursuant to Chapter 16 of the regulations.

As a best practice, the reprimand should be reviewed by agency counsel and approved by the agency head (or his or her designee). A sample reprimand appears at *Attachment 2*.

Service

The reprimand must be served on the employee. This is best achieved in person as follows:

- 1. Schedule a meeting time during an uninterrupted period of time with the employee and his or her representative (if any).
- 2. At the meeting, discuss the conduct standards expected, how they were not met, what is expected in the future, and the potential consequences for failing to meet expectations.
- 3. Explain the need to issue a formal reprimand, what a reprimand is, and the employee's right to submit a response, and, if he or she chooses, a right to file a grievance.
- 4. Serve the reprimand on the employee.

Employee Response

The employee who is served the reprimand has a right to submit a written response within 10 days of service. The response must be delivered to the supervisor issuing the reprimand.

Based on the written response, the supervisor may sustain, modify, or rescind the reprimand. (Note: if the supervisor takes no action, the reprimand is automatically sustained.) In the event the supervisor modifies the reprimand, the revised reprimand must be served on the employee and he or she will have a new 10 days to submit a revised response.

Record Keeping

A reprimand becomes final upon the filing of the employee's response or the expiration of the time for the employee to file a response. A copy of the final reprimand must be filed in the Official Personnel Folder (OPF) and may be considered in future disciplinary matters for up to 3 years.

REPRIMANDS AT A GLANCE

- ✓ Fully investigate the facts of the situation
- ✓ Draft the written reprimand
- ✓ Schedule an uninterrupted time with the employee and his/her representative
- ✓ Discuss what happened, the standards, expectations, and potential consequences
- ✓ Explain the reprimand process to the employee and serve the reprimand
- ✓ The employee has 10 days to file a written response; consider any response and, if appropriate, modify or rescind the reprimand
- ✓ File a sustained reprimand and any response in the OPF for up to three 3
 years

Suspensions (Less than 10 Days)

Corrective action also includes suspensions of less than 10 workdays. Suspensions are appropriate when counseling and reprimands have failed to correct breaches of conduct standards, and as otherwise indicated by application of the factors set forth at § 1606.2 of the regulations.

When a suspension of less than 10 days is to be imposed, the process includes:

- 1. Notice of the proposed corrective action being served on the employee;
- 2. Affording the employee an opportunity to respond to the proposed action;
- 3. Final notice of the corrective action being imposed; and
- 4. Notifying the employee of his or her opportunity to grieve the final action.

Notice of Proposed Action

The proposing official should gather all the supporting evidence and draft the proposed suspension against the employee. (See Attachment 3, Sample Notice of Proposed Suspension.) The notice should be a relatively short document (2-3 pages in length) that includes:

- 1. A concise statement of the action being taken (a suspension of less than 10 work days), the general reason for the action, and the proposed effective date of the suspension;
- 2. Enumerated independent cause(s) for which the suspensions are being proposed;
- 3. For each independent cause, a specific proposed action (supported by a factors analysis worksheet, *See Attachment 5*.)
- 4. An explanation of the employee's rights, including the right to review supporting materials, submit a written response, be represented, and the name and contact information of the deciding official.



Notice of Proposed Action. As a best practice, a notice of proposed action should be reviewed by agency counsel.

Service

The proposed action must be served on the employee. This is best achieved in person as follows:

- 1. Schedule a meeting time during an uninterrupted period of time with the employee and his or her representative (if any).
- 2. At the meeting, discuss the conduct standards expected, how they were not met, what is expected in the future, and the potential consequences for failing to meet expectations.

- 3. Explain the need to take corrective action, the suspension being proposed, and the employee's rights.
- 4. Serve the proposed action on the employee.

Employee Response

The employee who is served a proposed corrective action has a right to submit a written response within 5 days of service. The response must be delivered to the proposing official.

Final Decision

Within 45 days of the employee's written response (or the expiration of the employee's time to respond), the deciding official must serve a final decision on the proposed suspension. Service of the final decision must be done in person or by courier to the employee's address of record (with delivery confirmation.)

The final decision must be based on the proposed action and the employee's written response (if any.) (See Attachment 6, Sample Final Decision – Suspension [of less than 10 workdays].) The final decision must:

- 1. Provide a concise summary of the action(s) being taken and the effective date of the action(s);
- 2. Succinctly enumerate each independent cause for which the corrective action is being taken; specifications shall not be used in any final written decision;
- 3. Provide for an independent suspension (or other corrective action) for each enumerated cause;
- 4. Demonstrate reasoned consideration of the relevant factors set forth in 6B DCMR § 1606.2 for each independent action; and
- 5. Articulate the employee's grievance rights.



Final Decisions. Final decisions should be fairly similar to the proposed action and may rely upon the factor analysis worksheets used at the proposing phase.

Record Keeping

A suspension of less than 10 workdays becomes final upon service of the final decision on the employee. The service date of the final decision is the date the document is sent to the employee's address of record. A copy of the final decision, including any attachments and the proposed suspension (if incorporated), must be filed in the OPF and may be considered in future disciplinary matters for up to three years.

SUSPENSIONS (LESS THAN 10 DAYS) AT A GLANCE

- ✓ Fully investigate the facts of the situation
- ✓ Draft the written proposed suspension notice
- ✓ Schedule an uninterrupted time with the employee and his/her representative
- ✓ Discuss what happened, the standards, expectations, and potential consequences
- ✓ Explain the suspension process to the employee and serve the proposed action
- ✓ The employee has 5 days to file a written response; consider any response and, if appropriate, modify or rescind the proposed suspension
- ✓ File a final suspension along with any referenced documents in the OPF for up to 3 years

Adverse Actions

An adverse action is a suspension of ten (10) or more workdays, a reduction in grade, or removal. Whenever a corrective action fails to improve a conduct problem, a performance improvement plan has failed to improve performance, when an employee cannot carry out an essential duty of his or her employment, or if the employee has engaged in conduct that cannot be remediated by any other means, adverse action may be warranted.

When an adverse action is to be taken, the process includes:

- 1. Notice of the proposed adverse action being served on the employee;
- 2. For proposed removal actions, providing for an independent review by a hearing officer;
- 3. Affording the employee an opportunity to respond to the proposed action;
- 4. Final notice of the adverse action being imposed; and
- 5. Notifying the employee of his or her opportunity to grieve or appeal the final action.

Notice of Proposed Action

The proposing official should gather all the supporting evidence and draft the proposed adverse action against the employee. (See Attachment 6, Sample Notice of Proposed [Adverse Action].) The notice should be a relatively short document (2-3 pages in length) that includes:

- 1. A concise statement of the action being taken (a suspension of 10 work days or more, a reduction in grade, or removal), the general reason for the action and the proposed effective date of the action;
- 2. Enumerated independent cause(s) for which the action(s) is being proposed;

- **3.** For each independent cause, a specific proposed action (supported by a factors analysis worksheet, *See Attachment 5.*); and
- 4. An explanation of the employee's rights, including the right to review supporting materials, submit a written response to a deciding official (or to a hearing officer in the case of a removal), be represented, and the name and contact information of the deciding official (or, in the case of a removal, the hearing officer).
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Notice of Adverse Action. As a best practice, a notice of adverse action should be reviewed by agency counsel.

Service

The proposed adverse action must be served on the employee no less than 15 days prior to the effective date of the proposed action. This is best achieved in person as follows:

- 1. Schedule a meeting time during an uninterrupted period of time with the employee and his or her representative (if any).
- 2. At the meeting, discuss the conduct standards expected, how they were not met, and, except in the case of removal, what is expected in the future and the potential consequences for failing to meet expectations.
- 3. Explain the need to take the adverse action, the action being proposed, and the employee's rights.
- 4. If the employee will be placed on administrative leave, explain the administrative leave process and collect any government property in his or her possession.
- 5. Serve the proposed action on the employee.

Assignment of Hearing Officers

When an agency proposes removal, the District must provide for an impartial review by a hearing officer.

Selecting the Hearing Officer

The agency should assign the individual who will serve as the hearing officer. However, if needed, an agency may contact DCHR's employee relations team for assistance in identifying a suitable officer. Hearing Officers must meet the following criteria:

- 1. Be at grade CS-13 or above, or its equivalent;
- 2. Be a licensed attorney, if available;
- 3. Not be in the supervisory chain of command between the proposing and deciding official; and
- 4. Have no direct knowledge of the matter under consideration.

Notifying the Hearing Officer

Once a Hearing Officer has been selected, a complete record along with a cover memo should be submitted to the individual for his or her consideration. The complete record includes the entirety of the notice of proposed adverse action, along with any referenced documents or evidence, and proof of service of the proposed notice on the employee.

Employee Response

The employee who is served a proposed adverse action has a right to submit a written response within 10 days of service. For proposed removals, the written response must be provided to the assigned Hearing Officer. Otherwise, the written response must be served on the deciding official.

Final Decision

Within 45 days of the employee's written response (or the expiration of the employee's time to respond), or, in the case of removal, receipt of the Hearing Officer's report, the deciding official must issue a final decision on the proposed adverse action. Service of the final decision must be done in person or by courier to the employee's address of record (with delivery confirmation.)

The final decision must be based on the proposed action and the employee's written response (if any.) (See Attachment 7, Sample Final Decision – [Adverse Action].) The final decision must:

- 1. Provide a concise summary of the action(s) being taken and the effective date of the action(s);
- 2. Succinctly enumerate each independent cause for which the adverse action is being taken; specifications shall not be used in any final written decision;
- 3. Provide for an independent suspension (or other adverse action) for each enumerated cause:
- 4. Demonstrate reasoned consideration of the relevant factors set forth in § 1606.2 of the regulations for each independent action; and
- 5. Articulate the employee's appeal and grievance rights.



Final Decisions. Final decisions should be fairly similar to the proposed action and may rely upon the factor analysis worksheets used at the proposing phase.

Record Keeping

An adverse action becomes final upon service of the final decision on the employee. The service date of the final decision is the date the document is sent to the employee's address of record. A copy of the final decision, including any attachments and the proposed action (if incorporated), must be filed in the OPF and may be considered in future disciplinary matters for up to three years.

ADVERSE ACTIONS AT A GLANCE

- ✓ Fully investigate the facts of the situation
- √ Identify a suitable Hearing Officer (for removal cases)
- ✓ Draft the written proposed adverse action notice
- ✓ Schedule an uninterrupted time with the employee and his/her representative
- ✓ Discuss what happened, the standards, and, if appropriate, future expectations and potential consequences
- ✓ Explain the adverse action to the employee and serve the proposed action
- ✓ The employee has 10 days to file a written response;
- ✓ Consider any response and Hearing Officer report (if applicable) and, if appropriate, sustain, modify or rescind the proposed adverse action
- ✓ Serve the final decision on the employee
- ✓ File the final decision along with any referenced documents in the OPF for up to 3 years

Legal

Authorities

The information provided in this instruction is pursuant to D.C. Official Code § 1-616.51 (2014 Repl.) and Chapter 16 of the D.C. personnel regulations, *Corrective and Adverse Actions; Enforced Leave; and Grievances*.

Applicability

The information in this instruction is not applicable to employees serving in a probationary period or temporary appointment in the Career Service; employees organized under the Office of the Chief Financial Officer; Attorneys in the Legal or Senior Executive Attorney Services; employees in the Executive Service; employees of the Board of Trustees of the University of the District of Columbia, or employees in the Management Supervisory Service, except as provided in § 1600.3 of the regulations.

Additional Information

For additional information concerning this instruction, please contact DCHR's Policy and Compliance Administration, by calling (202) 442-9700 or by sending an e-mail to dchr.policy@dc.gov.

Ventris C. Gibson

Director, Department of Human Resources

Attachments

Attachment 1 – Table of Illustrative Actions

[Begins on Next Page]

TABLE OF ILLUSTRATIVE ACTIONS

	NATU	URE OF CIRCUMSTANCES	FIRST OCCURRENCE	SUBSEQUENT OCCURRENCES
(a)		uct Prejudicial to the District rnment		
	(1)	Conviction of any felony.	Removal	
	(2)	Conviction of any criminal offense that is related to the employee's duties or his or her agency's mission.	Removal	
	(3)	Indictment or charge of any felony or a criminal offense that is related to the employee's duties or his or her agency's mission.	Enforced leave pending criminal prosecution.	
	(4)	On-duty conduct that an employee should reasonably know is a violation of law or regulation.	Reprimand to Removal	Removal
	(5)	Off-duty conduct that adversely affects the employee's job performance or trustworthiness, or adversely affects his or her agency's mission or has an otherwise identifiable nexus to the employee's position.	Counseling to 30-day suspension	15-day suspension to Removal
	(6)	Concealing, removing, mutilating, altering, or destroying government records required to be kept by statute, regulation, Mayor's Order, document hold or subpoena, or other similar requirements.	Reprimand to Removal	14-Day Suspension to Removal
	(7)	Malicious or intentional damage to or loss of District owned or leased property.	Suspension to Removal	14-Day Suspension to Removal
	(8)	Using public office for significant private gain.	Removal	
	(9)	Unethical or improper use of official authority or credentials.	Counseling to Removal	Removal
	(10)	Unauthorized disclosure or use of (or failure to safeguard) information protected	Counseling to	Removal

NATU	URE OF CIRCUMSTANCES	FIRST OCCURRENCE	SUBSEQUENT OCCURRENCES	
	by statute or regulation or other official, sensitive or confidential information.	Removal		
(11)	Obtaining a direct or indirect financial interest that an employee should reasonably expect to be in conflict or appear to be in conflict with his or her official duties and responsibilities.	Reprimand to Removal	Removal	
(12)	Use of (or authorizing the use of) District owned or leased property, services or funds for inappropriate or non-official purposes.	Counseling to Removal	Removal	
(13)	Use of (or authorizing the use of) District owned or leased vehicles such as cars, vans, trucks, buses, aircraft, boats or any other motor vehicle for use other than official purposes.	15-Day Suspension to Removal	Removal	
(14)	Unauthorized use, removal or possession of an item of value belonging to another.	Counseling to Removal	Removal	
(15)	Assaulting, fighting, threatening, attempting to inflict or inflicting bodily harm while on District property or while on duty.	14-Day Suspension to Removal	30-Day Suspension to Removal	
(16)	Use of abusive, offensive, unprofessional, distracting, or otherwise unacceptable language, gestures, or other conduct; quarreling; creating a disturbance or disruption; or inappropriate horseplay.	Counseling to 15-Day Suspension	5-Day Suspension to Removal	
(17)	Failure to timely and properly pay any debts to the District government.	Reprimand to 14-Day Suspension	1-Day Suspension to Removal	
(18)	Gambling while on duty or on District government property.	Counseling to Removal	Removal	
(19)	Participating in a strike, work stoppage, slowdown, sickout or similar activity against the District government.	Removal		
(b) False	Statements / Records			

	NAT	URE OF CIRCUMSTANCES	FIRST OCCURRENCE	SUBSEQUENT OCCURRENCES
	(1)	Deliberate falsification of a material item on an application for employment, or other personal history record by omission or by making a false entry.	14-Day Suspension to Removal	Removal
	(2)	Misrepresentation, falsification or concealment of material facts or records in connection with an official matter, including investigations	Reprimand to Removal	Removal
	(3)	Knowingly and willfully making an incorrect entry on an official record or approving an incorrect official record.	Counseling to Removal	Removal
	(4)	Knowingly and willfully reporting false or misleading material information or purposely omitting material facts, to any superior.	7-Day Suspension to Removal	Removal
(c)	Fisca	al Irregularities		
	(1)	Knowing submission of (or causing or allowing the submission of) falsely stated time logs, leave forms, travel or purchase vouchers, payroll, loan, or other fiscal document(s).	Suspension to Removal	Removal
	(2)	Unauthorized and/or improper use of property, funds, or any other thing of value coming into an employee's custody as a result of employment.	Counseling to Removal	Removal
	(3)	Failure to properly account for or make proper distribution of any property, or any other thing of value coming into an employee's custody as a result of employment.	Suspension to Removal	Removal
	(4)	Concealment of (or failing to report) missing, lost or misappropriate funds, or other fiscal irregularities.	Reprimand to Removal	14-Day Suspension to Removal
(d)	Failu	re/Refusal to Follow Instructions -		
	(1)	Negligence, including the careless failure to comply with rules, regulations, written procedures, or proper supervisory	Counseling to	5-Day Suspension to

	NAT	URE OF CIRCUMSTANCES	FIRST OCCURRENCE	SUBSEQUENT OCCURRENCE
		instructions.	Removal	Removal
	(2)	Deliberate or malicious refusal to comply with rules, regulations, written procedures or proper supervisory instructions.	3-day Suspension to Removal	14-Day Suspension to Removal
	(3)	Failure to submit required statement of financial interests and outside employment.	Counseling to 3-Day Suspension	5-Day Suspension to Removal
(e)	Negl	ect of Duty***		
	loafii	less or negligent work, general negligence, ng, sleeping or dozing on-duty, wasting time, conducting personal business while on duty.	Counseling to Removal	5-Day Suspension to Removal
(f)	Atte	ndance Related Offenses		
	(1)	Unexcused tardiness, including delay in: (a) Reporting at the scheduled starting time;	Counseling to 1-Day Suspension	5-Day Suspension to Removal
		(b) Returning from lunch or break periods; and		
		(c) Returning from an authorized absence to a work station.		
	(2)	Unauthorized absence of one (1) workday or less, including leaving the work station without permission or before the end of the workday.	Counseling to 3-Day Suspension	3-Day Suspension to Removal
	(3)	Unauthorized absence of one (1) workday or more, but less than five (5) workdays.	Suspension to Removal	14-Day Suspension to Removal
	NAT	URE OF CIRCUMSTANCES	FIRST OCCURRENCE	SUBSEQUENT OCCURRENCE
	(4)	Unauthorized absence of five (5) workdays or more.	Removal	Removal
(g)	Into	xicants – Alcohol and Spirits		

	(1)	Unauthorized use of intoxicants while on District Government property, including where official duties are performed.	Reprimand to Removal	30-Day Suspension to Removal
	(2)	Being under the influence of intoxicants when reporting to work or any time while on duty.	Suspension to Removal	30-Day Suspension to Removal
	(3)	Operating a government owned or leased vehicle (or a privately owned vehicle while on duty) while under the influence of intoxicants.	Removal	
(h)	Con	trolled Substances/Paraphernalia		
	(1)	Possession of an illegal drug, drug paraphernalia, or unauthorized controlled substance while on duty, on District government property or District government-controlled property, or on premises where official duties are performed.	5-Day Suspension to Removal	Removal
	(2)	Use of an illegal drug or unauthorized controlled substance while on duty, on District government property or District government-controlled property, or on premises where official duties are performed.	14-Day Suspension to Removal	Removal
	(3)	Reporting to or being on duty while under the influence of an illegal drug or unauthorized controlled substance.	14-Day Suspension to Removal	Removal
	(4)	Sale or distribution of an illegal drug or controlled substance.	Removal	
	NAT	URE OF CIRCUMSTANCES	FIRST OCCURRENCE	SUBSEQUENT OCCURRENCES
	(5)	Operating a government owned or leased vehicle (or privately-owned vehicle on official business) while under the influence of an illegal drug.	Removal	
	(6)	Interfering with, or refusing or failing to submit to a properly ordered or authorized drug test, including substituting,	Removal	

	NAT	TURE OF CIRCUMSTANCES	FIRST OCCURRENCE	SUBSEQUENT OCCURRENCES
		adulterating, or otherwise tampering with a urine sample.		
(i)	Safe	ty and Health Violations		
	(1)	Failure to report an accident and/or injury as required.	Counseling to Removal	14-Day Suspension to Removal
	(2)	Failure or refusal to wear/use required protective equipment (<i>e.g.</i> seat belts, earplugs, eye protection, etc.)	Counseling to 14-Day Suspension	14-Day Suspension to Removal
	(3)	Operating a District owned or leased vehicle (or privately owned vehicle while on official business) without a District or State driver's license.	Suspension to Removal	Removal
	(4)	Failure or refusal to observe and/or enforce safety and health regulations or to perform duties in a safe manner.	Reprimand to Removal	5-Day Suspension to Removal
(j)	Disc	riminatory Practices		
	(1)	Improperly taking or failing to take an official action based on a classification protected under the D.C. Human Rights Act or the Civil Rights Act of 1964.	Reprimand to Removal	Removal
	(2)	Any reprisal or retaliation against an individual because of his or her involvement in the EEO complaint process.	10-Day Suspension to Removal	Removal
	NAT	TURE OF CIRCUMSTANCES	FIRST OCCURRENCE	SUBSEQUENT OCCURRENCE
	(3)	Use of remarks or gestures that relate to and insult or denigrate an individual based on any actual or perceived trait or classification protected under the D.C. Human Rights Act or the Civil Rights Act of 1964.	Counseling to 15-Day Suspension	15-Day Suspension to Removal
		Negligent or insensitive conduct with	Counseling to	5-Day

	NAT	TURE OF CIRCUMSTANCES	FIRST OCCURRENCE	SUBSEQUENT OCCURRENCE:
		protected under the D.C. Human Rights Act or the Civil Rights Act of 1964.	Suspension	Removal
	(5)	Failure of a supervisor to take appropriate action regarding allegations or findings of discriminatory practices.	5-Day Suspension to Removal	Removal
(k)	Sexu	ıal Misconduct		
	(1)	Sexual assault or abuse or attempted sexual assault or abuse.	Removal	
	(2)	Inappropriate and/or unwelcome touching or other physical contact.	14-Day Suspension to Removal	30-Day Suspension to Removal
	(3)	Pressure for (or official action based on) sexual favors, including taking any action for or against an employee whether favorable or unfavorable, because of the granting of a sexual favor or the withholding of a sexual favor.	Removal	
	(4)	Inappropriate and/or unwelcome teasing, jokes, actions, gestures, display of visual material of a sexual nature or remarks of a sexual nature.	Counseling to 30-Day Suspension	14-Day Suspension to Removal
	NAT	TURE OF CIRCUMSTANCES	FIRST OCCURRENCE	SUBSEQUENT OCCURRENCE
(1)	Prol	nibited Personnel Actions		
		se of authority or commission of a prohibited onnel action.	Suspension to Removal	Removal
(m)	Perf	formance Deficits		
		are to meet established performance dards;	Reassignment Reduced Grade Removal	

	NATURE OF CIRCUMSTANCES	FIRST OCCURRENCE	SUBSEQUENT OCCURRENCES
(n)	Inability to carry out assigned duties		
	Any circumstance that prevents an employee from performing the essential functions of his or her position, and for which no reasonable accommodation has been requested or can be made, unless eligible for leave protected under the D.C. Family Medical Leave Act.	Removal	

[&]quot;Neglect of duty" as used in section 1605.4(e) is defined as carrying out or failing to carry out official duties or responsibilities as would be expected of a reasonable individual in the same position. Neglect of duty includes, a failure to perform assigned tasks or duties, undue delay in completing assigned tasks or duties, careless work habits, wasting time, conducting personal business while on duty, abandoning an assigned post, sleeping or dozing on the job, and loafing.

Attachment 2 – Verbal Counseling Follow-Up

[Begins on Next Page]



GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Department of Human Resources



Policy and Compliance Administration

July 27, 2015

Mr. Vee Hickle 12345 North Dakota AVE NE Washington DC 20000

Subject: Time and Attendance - Verbal Counseling

Dear Mr. Hickle:

As we discussed today, our agency relies on each member of the team to carry out our public mission. Over the course of the past month, we have noticed you reporting for duty at least 10 minutes late, on several occasions. This is not consistent with our time and attendance standards and must be rectified.

Standards

The Department of Human Resources, pursuant to Admin. Or. 2015-01, Time and Attendance, requires all agency employees to report to work on time. As specified in the order, "on time" means within 5 minutes of the beginning of your scheduled tour of duty.

Violation

In the past month you failed to report to duty "on time" as defined by the administrative order on several occasions. As you know, your tour of duty begins promptly at 9:00 a.m. each day. However, on June 1 you arrived at 9:15 a.m.; on June 5 you arrived at 9:17 a.m.; and on June 20 you arrived at 9:35 a.m.

Expectations Going Forward

You are to report for duty, each day, no later than 9:00 a.m. If your time and attendance does not improve, we will be required to take stronger action, including suspension without pay.

Sincerely,

Employee Supervisor

Click here to enter title.



441 4th Street NW, Suite 300 South, Washington, DC 20001 | Telephone (202) 442-9700

Attachment 3 – Sample Proposed Reprimand

[Begins on Next Page]



GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Department of Human Resources



Policy and Compliance Administration

July 27, 2015

Mr. Vee Hickle 12345 North Dakota AVE NE Washington DC 20000

Re: Time and Attendance - Reprimand

Dear Mr. Hickle:

As we discussed on June 25, 2015, and again today, our agency relies on each member of the team to carry out government responsibilities. Though we previously discussed attendance expectations, you have continued to report for duty late. Accordingly, this document serves as an official reprimand that will appear in your personnel record.

This reprimand is being proposed for the following reason:

 On July 1, 4, 9 and 10, you reported for duty at 9:18, 9:35, 9:41, and 9:21 a.m., respectively. (Unexcused Tardiness, 6B DCMR § 1605.4(f)(1).)

Standards

The Department of Human Resources, pursuant to Admin. Or. 2015-01, Time and Attendance, requires all agency employees to report to work on time. As specified in the order, "on time" means within 5 minutes of the beginning of your scheduled tour of duty.

Expectations

You are to report for duty, each day, no later than 9:00 a.m. If your time and attendance does not improve, we will be required to take stronger action



441 4th Street NW, Suite 300 South, Washington, DC 20001 | Telephone (202) 442-9700

Time and Attendance – Reprimand Your Rights You have a right to submit a written response to this reprimand within 10 workdays of receipt, which shall be made part of your record. If you disagree with this action, you may also file a grievance pursuant to 6B DCMR §§ 1626 through 1637, or, if you belong to a union, through your labor organization. Sincerely, SUPERVISING OFFICIAL Proposing Official CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE On [Date], a copy of this reprimand, along with supporting materials contained on an accompanying CD-ROM, on: [Employee Name] [Address] [State City Zip] [By Hand Delivery] [OR USPS Certified No. ###] [OR FedEx Next Day No. ###] By: SUPERVISING OFFICIAL Proposing Official

Page 2 of 2

Attachment 4 – Sample Final Decision Reprimand

[Begins on Next Page]



GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Department of Human Resources



Policy and Compliance Administration

August 10, 2015

Mr. Vee Hickle 12345 North Dakota AVE NE Washington DC 20000

Re: Final Decision - Reprimand

Dear Mr. Hickle:

This letter is in reference to the proposed reprimand notice issued to you on July 25, 2015. After carefully considering the proposed action, the supporting evidence and your response, I conclude that the proposed reprimand is the appropriate resolution of this matter. Accordingly, this document serves as an official reprimand that will appear in your personnel record.

This action is being taken for the following reason:

 On July 1, 4, 9 and 10, you reported for duty at 9:18, 9:35, 9:41, and 9:21 a.m., respectively. (Unexcused Tardiness, 6B DCMR § 1605.4(f)(1).)

Standards

As previously noted, the Department of Human Resources, pursuant to Admin. Or. 2015-01, Time and Attendance, requires all agency employees to report to work on time. As specified in the order, "on time" means within 5 minutes of the beginning of your scheduled tour of duty.

I adopt the evidence, recommendations, rationale and conclusions of the proposing official. The proposed notice, along with attachments, is incorporated into this final action.

Expectations

You are to report for duty, each day, no later than 9:00 a.m. If your time and attendance does not improve, we will be required to take stronger action.

Review Process. You have the right to challenge this action and may secure an attorney or other representative, at your own expense. You may seek review of this action by: (1) filing a grievance pursuant to DPM Chapter 16; or (2) filing a grievance pursuant to any applicable collective bargaining agreement. You may choose only one method of review.



441 4th Street NW, Suite 300 South, Washington, DC 20001 | Telephone (202) 442-9700

Final Decision – Reprimand If you seek review, you must file your grievances with a superior official within your chain of command. Please refer to DPM § 1626 or contact the Department of Human Resources for more information. A copy of the grievance form is included with this decision. If you are a member of a union, you may, instead, elect to file a grievance pursuant to your collective bargaining agreement. For procedural guidance on filing a union grievance, please

refer to your labor agreement or contact your union representative.

Sincerely,

SUPERVISING OFFICIAL Deciding Official

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

On [Date], a copy of this reprimand, along with supporting materials contained on an accompanying CD-ROM, on:

[Employee Name] [Address] [State City Zip]

[By Hand Delivery] [OR USPS Certified No. ###] [OR FedEx Next Day No. ###]

Ву:

SUPERVISING OFFICIAL Proposing Official

Page 2 of 2

Attachment 5 – Proposing Official's Rationale Worksheet

[Begins on Next Page]



Employee name	Click here to enter text.	Hire Date	Click here to enter a date.
Job Title	Click here to enter text.	Grade	Click here to enter text.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR EVALUATING THE DOUGLAS FACTORS

As an official proposing corrective or adverse action, you are required to determine the appropriate remedial action by considering the factors outlined in Section 1606.2 of Chapter 16 of the D.C. personnel regulations, Corrective and Adverse Actions; Enforced Leave; and Grievances. The Douglas Factors refers to criteria that supervisors must consider in determining an appropriate penalty to impose for an act of employee misconduct established by the Merit Systems Protection Board in its landmark decision, Douglas vs. Veterans Administration, 5 M.S.P.R. 280 (1981)." The reasoning and factors established in Douglas were adopted by the D.C. Court of Appeals in Stokes v. District of Columbia, 502 A.2d 1006 (D.C. 1985). Your analysis of these factors will be considered part of the official record and, should the employee appeal the final agency decision, you could be asked to testify about your analysis.

Each of the factors should be considered in light of the facts and circumstances presented in the proposed notice and supporting documents.

- For each factor, you should determine whether the factor is aggravating, mitigating, or has had no impact
 (is neutral) in the formulation of your decision.
- Write a brief explanation for each factor you determine to be aggravating or mitigating—particularly with respect to those factors you consider "aggravating."

DEFINITIONS

- · AGGRAVATING: to make more severe, intense, serious, worse or grave.
- · NEUTRAL: neither a contributing nor detracting factor; not applicable
- MITIGATING: to make less severe, intense

DOUGLAS FACTORS

1. Nature and Seriousness of Conduct

Briefly describe the nature and seriousness of the conduct, and its relationship to the employee's duties:

Click here to enter explanation.

This factor is Choose consideration type.

Click here to enter explanation.



2	.Inh	Level	and	Empl	ovment	Type
40	OUD	Tere	anu	LIHIDI	UVIIICIIL	TADE

☐ Employee holds a position of trust

 $\hfill\Box$ Conduct involved public contact (e.g. rude to customers)

☐ Conduct directly related to job (e.g. supply clerk stealing supplies)

This factor is Choose consideration type.

Click here to enter explanation.

3. Past Corrective or Adverse Actions (including Reprimands)

List all prior reprimands, corrective actions, and adverse actions you are considering in your analysis. This <u>only</u> includes official actions taken within the **past 3 years**, as reflected in the Official Personnel File. Verbal counseling and other informal records should not be listed in this section.

Effective Date	Corrective or Adverse Action Effectuated	
1 Effective Date	Corrective or Adverse Action Effectuated	
2 Effective Date	Corrective or Adverse Action Effectuated	

This factor is Choose consideration type.

4. Employees' Work Record

Years with agency	Click to enter number of years	Years with District	Click to enter number of years
-------------------	--------------------------------	---------------------	--------------------------------

Performance Ratings for the last three years:

Rating period: Click to enter fiscal year		Rating:	Click to enter overall rating	
Rating period:	Click to enter fiscal year	Rating:	Click to enter overall rating	
Rating period:	Click to enter fiscal year	Rating:	Click to enter overall rating	

This factor is Choose consideration type.

Click here to enter text. - Cause Click here to enter text.

5. Confidence in	Employee				
☐ Conduct impacts	employee's ability to do job (e.g.	cannot do job while A	AWOL)		
□ Conduct undermi self)	nes confidence in employee's abi	ility to do job (e.g. tim	ekeeping submitt	ted fraudulent time for	
☐ Conduct undermi	nes confidence in employee's abi	ility to uphold agency	mission		
This factor is <mark>Choos Click here to enter</mark>	e consideration type				
6. Consistency of	Action				
☐ No other employe	ee under my supervision have eng	gaged in this conduct			
☐ The proposed act conduct	ion is consistent with actions take	en against other emplo	yees under my su	pervision for similar	
□ The proposed per detail below)	nalty is NOT consistent with that	applied to other emplo	yees, but is warr	anted. (Explain in	
Click here to enter					
7. Consistency wi	th Table of Illustrative Action	<u>ons</u>			
Cause	Click here to enter text.		Offense No.	Click here to enter text.	
Table Description	Description from table.	Listed Action	Remedy from	m table.	

This factor is Choose consideration type.

Click here to enter explanation.

8. Impact on Agency Reputation / Notoriety

Did or could the employee's conduct adversely impact on the agency's reputation or undermine the public's confidence in the agency? If so, please explain.

Click here to enter explanation.

This factor is Choose consideration type.

9. Clarity of Notice to Employee of Unacceptable Conduct

Was the employee aware that their actions or behavior were not appropriate? If so, how were they aware (meeting, email, policy issuance, prior counseling, prior discipline)? Additionally, should they have known without being told? If so, why?

Click here to enter explanation.

This factor is Choose consideration type.

Click here to enter text. - Cause Click here to enter text.

10. Potential for Employee's Rehabilitation
How likely is it that the employee will engage in similar conduct in the future? (Did the employee immediately acknowledge their misconduct, or were they evasive? Was the employee remorseful?)
Click here to enter explanation.
This factor is Choose consideration type.
11. Mitigating Circumstances
The employee was:
☐ Under unusual job stress (e.g. contributing to insubordination)
☐ Experiencing personal problems
☐ Provoked (e.g. coworker threatened employee)
☐ Apologetic
☐ Forthright, bringing the conduct to management's attention
This factor is Choose consideration type.
Click here to enter explanation.
12. Adequacy of Alternative Actions
□ No lesser action will deter similar future conduct by the employee
☐ A lesser action could deter similar future conduct by the employee
A Reser action could deter shifthat radiate conduct by the employee
This factor is Choose consideration type.
Click here to enter explanation.
Proposed Action
and the state of t
No. Cause Propose Action Click here Click here to enter text.
Click here Click here to enter text. CLICK HERE TO ENTER TEXT. text.
By signing this form, you confirm that you reviewed and considered the preceding factors and that you
conclude the above proposed action is reasonable and appropriate to the circumstances.
D
Proposing Official Date

Click here to enter text. - Cause Click here to enter text.

Attachment 6 – Sample Notice of Proposed Suspension (Less than 10 Days)





Policy and Compliance Administration

July 24, 2015

Mr. Vee Hickle 100 District Avenue NW Washington, D.C. 20001

Re: Proposed Suspension (9 Days)

Dear Mr. Hickle:

As discussed today, DDOT is proposing to suspend you without pay for nine days. Following further review, if this determination is made final, you will be suspended August 10 through August 20, 2015.

Disciplinary Cause. This action is being proposed for the following reasons:

 On July 2, 2015, you assaulted your co-worker, Mr. Marsh Mellow, by approaching him in a menacing manner and suggesting you were armed with a dangerous weapon, in violation of D.C. Code § 22-404. (On-duty conduct that is a violation of law, 6B DCMR § 1605.4(a)(3)).

Proposed Action: Suspension for 9 days

Evidence supporting these charges can be found in the enclosed attachments to this notice.

As a government employee, you hold a position of public trust. Moreover, as a traffic conductor, you are specifically charged with maintaining peace and order. As explained in the attached Proposing Official Rationale Worksheet, based on the conduct outlined above and consideration of the relevant *Douglas* factors, DDOT is proposing to suspend you from your position. DDOT is compelled to propose this corrective action because your intentional actions undermine the agency's integrity.

Review Process. You have the right to challenge this proposed action and may secure an attorney or other representative, at your own expense. You are encouraged to fully review the accompanying materials supporting this proposed action.

You, or your representative, have the right to submit a written response to [Deciding Official]. With any response, you are encouraged to include affidavits or other documents that you would like considered. Any written response must be received within five (5) workdays from the date noted on the certificate of service.



Proposed Suspension (9 Days)
Based on this proposed action notice, supporting documentation and any materials you provide, the [Deciding Official] will issue you a final determination.
Sincerely,
By: SUPERVISING OFFICIAL Proposing Official
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
On [Date], a copy of this notice of proposed suspension, along with supporting materials contained on an accompanying CD-ROM, on:
[Employee Name] [Address] [State City Zip]
[By Hand Delivery] [OR USPS Certified No. ###] [OR FedEx Next Day No. ###]
By: SUPERVISING OFFICIAL Proposing Official Proposition of the state
Page 2 of 3

Proposed Suspension (9 Days)

ATTACHMENTS

No.	<u>Date</u>	<u>Title</u>
1	April 2, 2007	SF-50, Initial Appointment
2	N.D.	Position Description
3	October 23, 2014	Supervisor's Incident Report
4	October 25, 2014	Statement by Ms. Resident
5	October 28, 2014	Statement by Mr. Mellow
6	October 28, 2014	Statement by Co-Worker1
7	October 28, 2014	Statement by Co-Worker2
8	November 5, 2014	Rationale Worksheet (Charge 1)

Page 3 of 3

Attachment 7 – Sample Final Decision [Suspension < 10 Days]





Policy and Compliance Administration

July 24, 2015

Mr. Vee Hickle 100 District Avenue NW Washington, D.C. 20001

Re: | Final Agency Decision - Suspension

Dear Mr. Hickle:

This letter is in reference to the proposed suspension notice issued to you on July 24, 2015. After carefully considering the proposed action, the supporting evidence and your response, I conclude that the proposed suspension is the appropriate resolution of this matter. Accordingly, you will be suspended without pay for nine days. Your dates of suspension will be August 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14.

Disciplinary Cause. This action is being taken for the following reasons:

 On July 2, 2015, you assaulted your co-worker, Mr. Marsh Mellow, by approaching him in a menacing manner and suggesting you were armed with a dangerous weapon, in violation of D.C. Code § 22-404. (On-duty conduct that is a violation of law, 6B DCMR § 1605.4(a)(3)).

Proposed Action: Suspension for 9 days Final Action: Suspension for 5 days

As a government employee, you hold a position of public trust. Moreover, as a traffic conductor, you are specifically charged with maintaining peace and order. As explained in the Proposing Official Rationale Worksheet, based on the conduct outlined above and consideration of the relevant Douglas factors, a suspension of five works days is appropriate because your actions undermined the agency's integrity.

I adopt the evidence, recommendations, rationale and conclusions of the proposing official. The proposed notice, along with attachments, is incorporated into this final action.

Review Process. You have the right to challenge this proposed action and may secure an attorney or other representative, at your own expense. You may seek review of this action by: (1) filing a grievance pursuant to DPM Chapter 16; or (2) filing a grievance pursuant to any applicable collective bargaining agreement. You may choose only one method of review.

Final Agency Decision - Suspension

If you seek review, you must file your grievances with a superior official within your chain of command. Please refer to DPM \S 1626 or contact the Department of Human Resources for more information. A copy of the grievance form is included with this decision.

If you are a member of a union, you may, instead, elect to file a grievance pursuant to your collective bargaining agreement. For procedural guidance on filing a union grievance, please refer to your labor agreement or contact your union representative.

rely,			
SUPERVISING OFFICIAL Deciding Official			

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Final Agency Decision - Suspension

ATTACHMENTS

No.	<u>Title</u>
1	Proposed Suspension
2	DCHR Administrative Grievance Application

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

On [Date], a copy of this notice of suspension, along with supporting materials contained on an accompanying CD-ROM, on:

[Employee Name] [Address] [State City Zip]

Proposing Official

[By Hand Delivery] [OR USPS Certified No. ###] [OR FedEx Next Day No. ###]

By: SUPERVISING OFFICIAL

Page 3 of 3

Attachment 8 – Sample Notice of Proposed [Adverse Action]





Policy and Compliance Administration

July 24, 2015

Mr. Vee Hickle 100 District Avenue NW Washington, D.C. 20001

Re: Proposed Separation

Dear Mr. Hickle:

As discussed today, DDOT is proposing to terminate your employment as a Parking Enforcement Officer. Following further review, if this determination is made final, your last day with the agency will be [15 days or CBA agreed-upon advance notice period].

Disciplinary Cause. This action is being proposed for the following reasons:

 On July 1, 2015, while on-duty, you committed the offense of destruction of property by advising and inciting a third-party to damage Ms. Resident's motor vehicle, in violation of D.C. Code §§ 22-303 and 22-1805. (On-duty conduct that is a violation of law, 6B DCMR § 1605.4(a)(3).)

Proposed Action: Removal

 On July 2, 2015, you assaulted your co-worker, Mr. Marsh Mallow, by approaching him in a menacing manner and suggesting you were armed with a dangerous weapon, in violation of D.C. Code § 22-404. (On-duty conduct that is a violation of law, 6B DCMR § 1605.4(a)(3)).

Proposed Action: Suspension for 15 days

Evidence supporting these charges can be found in the enclosed attachments to this notice.

As a government employee, you hold a position of public trust. Moreover, as a traffic conductor, you are specifically charged with maintaining peace and order. As explained in the attached Proposing Official Rationale Worksheet, based on the conduct outlined above and consideration of the relevant Douglas factors, DDOT is proposing to remove you from your position. DDOT is compelled to propose this adverse action because your intentional actions undermine the agency's integrity.

Administrative Leave. You must immediately surrender any government property in your possession and vacate your duty station. Until a final determination has been made, you will be

₩

Proposed Separation

placed on administrative leave and continue to receive full pay and benefits. During this period, you are required to be available by phone during your typical work hours and to follow any instruction given by a supervisor. Unless otherwise directed, you are not permitted to return to your duty location pending this review.

Review Process. You have the right to challenge this proposed action and may secure an attorney or other representative, at your own expense. You are encouraged to fully review the accompanying materials supporting this proposed action.

You, or your representative, have the right to submit a written response to [Hearing Officer, Address, Telephone Phone No.], the designated hearing officer who will review this action. With any response, you are encouraged to include affidavits or other documents that you would like considered. Any written response must be sent to the hearing officer within ten (10) workdays from the date noted on the certificate of service.

Based on the hearing officer's review and recommendation, supporting documentation and any materials you provide, the [Deciding Official] will issue a final determination, which will be sent to your address of record.

Sincer	ely,
Ву:	SUPERVISING OFFICIAL Proposing Official

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

On [Date], a copy of this notice of proposed removal, along with supporting materials contained on an accompanying CD-ROM, on:

	[Employee Name] [Address] [State City Zip]
	[By Hand Delivery] [OR USPS Certified No. ###] [OR FedEx Next Day No. ###]
Ву:	SUPERVISING OFFICIAL Proposing Official

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Proposed Separation

ATTACHMENTS

No.	<u>Date</u>	<u>Title</u>
1	April 2, 2007	SF-50, Initial Appointment
2	July 8, 2015	Supervisor's Incident Report
3	July 7, 2015	Statement by Ms. Resident
4	July 5, 2015	Allstate Insurance Estimate
5	July 7, 2015	Photos (from Ms. Resident)
6	July 7, 2015	Statement by Mr. Biker
7	July 7, 2015	Statement by Mr. Mallow
8	July 7, 2015	Statement by Co-Worker1
9	July 7, 2015	Statement by Co-Worker2
10	July 10, 2015	Rationale Worksheet (Charge 1)
11	July 10, 2015	Rationale Worksheet (Charge 2)

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Attachment 9 – Sample Final Decision – [Adverse Action]





Policy and Compliance Administration

August 26, 2015

Mr. Vee Hickle 100 District Avenue NW Washington, D.C. 20001

Re: Final Agency Decision - Separation

Dear Mr. Hickle:

This letter is in reference to the proposed separation notice issued to you on July 24, 2015. After carefully considering the proposed action and the recommendations of the Hearing Officer, I conclude that the proposed separation is the appropriate resolution of this matter. Accordingly, your last official day with the District of Columbia government will be September 10, 2015.

Disciplinary Cause. This action is being proposed for the following reasons:

 On July 1, 2015, while on-duty, you committed the offense of destruction of property by advising and inciting a third-party to damage Ms. Resident's motor vehicle, in violation of D.C. Code §§ 22-303 and 22-1805. (On-duty conduct that is a violation of law, 6B DCMR § 1605.3(a)(3).)

Final Action: Removal

 On July 2, 2015, you assaulted your co-worker, Mr. Mellow, by approaching him in a menacing manner and suggesting you were armed with a dangerous weapon, in violation of D.C. Code § 22-404. (On-duty conduct that is a violation of law, 6B DCMR § 1605.3(a)(3)).

Final Action: Suspension for 15 days

As a government employee, you hold a position of public trust. Moreover, as a traffic conductor, you are specifically charged with maintaining peace and order. As explained in the Proposing Official Rationale Worksheet, based on the conduct outlined above and consideration of the relevant Douglas factors, DDOT is compelled to terminate your employment because your intentional actions undermine the agency's integrity.

I adopt the evidence, recommendations, rationale and conclusions of the proposing official and administrative review officer. The proposed notice and administrative review report, along with attachments, are incorporated into this final action.



Final Agency Decision - Separation

Review Process. You have the right to challenge this proposed action and may secure an attorney or other representative, at your own expense. You may seek review of this action by: (1) filing an appeal with the Office of Employee Appeals; (2) filing a grievance pursuant to DPM Chapter 16; or (3) filing a grievance pursuant to any applicable collective bargaining agreement. You may choose only one method of review.

To seek review with the Office of Employee Appeals (OEA), you must file a Petition for Appeal with OEA within 30 days of the effective date of this action. A copy of the appeals application and OEA rules are included with this decision for your convenience.

If you prefer, you may seek review by filing a grievance with your agency or with the Department of Human Resources. Please refer to DPM §§ 1626 through 1637or contact the Department of Human Resources for more information. A copy of the grievance form is included with this decision.

If you are a member of a union, you may instead elect to file a grievance pursuant to your collective bargaining agreement. For procedural guidance on filing a union grievance, please refer to your labor agreement or contact your union representative.

Administrative Leave. You will be held in an administrative leave status and continue to receive full pay and benefits through the effective date of this action.

Government Property. You must immediately surrender any government property in your possession and vacate your duty station. If you value to return any assigned property, the value of that property will be withheld from any outstanding earnings.

Continuation of Health Insurance. If you are enrolled in an employee health insurance program, your coverage will continue uninterrupted for 30 days after the effective date of this action. You may elect to continue your health benefits beyond the 30 days by submitting a written election. Your written election must be received no later than 60 days from the effective date of this action. A copy of the benefits continuation form is included with this notice.

Exit Interview. For your exit interview, or for additional questions, please contact you your HR specialist, [HR Advisor Name], at [e-mail] or by phone at (202) [phone].

Notwithstanding the circumstances, on behalf of the residents of the District of Columbia, I would like to thank you for your service. I wish you every success in your future endeavors.

Sincer	ely,
	Agency Head Deciding Official

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Final Agency Decision - Separation

ATTACHMENTS

No.	<u>Title</u>
1	Proposed Separation
2	Hearing Officer's Report and Recommendation
	Continuation of Coverage of Health Benefits Form
3	DCHR Administrative Grievance Application
4	OEA Petition for Appeal Form
5	OEA Procedural Rules

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

On [Date], a copy of this notice of removal, along with supporting materials contained on an accompanying CD-ROM, on:

[Employee Name] [Address] [State City Zip]

[By Hand Delivery] [OR USPS Certified No. ###] [OR FedEx Next Day No. ###]

By:

Agency Head

Deciding Official

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